

THE MONTHLY NEWSLETTER OF IPMS, NEW ZEALAND.
AUCKLAND BRANCH

SCELE-MEIL

IN THIS ISSUE

 Chairman's Bit 	1
 Bulletin Board 	2
• Czech Master Resin 1/72	4
Bristol Sycamore HC.14/HR.14/	
Mk.51/Mk.52	
by Mark Davies	
 On the table 	9
• Sign off	1

CHAIRMAN'S BIT

Hi everybody,

It is an honour to be chairperson for this year. I'd like to thank everyone who has continued on for the 2012 committee and those of you mad enough to jump on board this year. It's reassuring to know that there is plenty of experience both in the committee and the club membership in general when we start to consider events such as the 2013 Nationals.

Check out the revamped IPMS website - great work by our webmaster Rob Willis. A huge thank you on behalf of the whole club. Well done! If you have an article for the site or models to include in the site's gallery be sure to email Rob

Remember Model-X is coming up on Queen's Birthday Weekend, so dust off those models for our table or burn the midnight oil to get your latest creation finished in time. It's a great show, a wonderful opportunity to put your work on display, meet other club members, engage with the public who are usually fascinated and pick up a few bargains at the trade stands.

Finally subs are due now. The club has on-going admin expenses such as room hire, PO Box for starters so it's important that everyone does their bit.

Cheers

Peter

NEXT MEETING

MODEL PHOTOGRAPHY

Come along and get some pointers on how to take good photos of your models from Peter F and Peter H

Tuesday 15th May - 7.3opm Leys Institute (upstairs) 20 Saint Marys Road, Ponsonby

COMMITTEE

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BULLETIN BOARD

NOTICES

Subs

Annual subs are now due and can be deposited via internet banking or at your bank into the club account below. Make sure to include your full name in the transaction details so we know who has paid their fees.

Access to club rooms on meeting nights

AA have requested members not to use the AA meeting room and kitchen as access to the IPMS meeting area at the Leys Institute. If you arrive and the club rooms are not open, please wait for one of the committee with an access key to open up.

Model-X 2012

Model-X 2012 takes place this Queens Birthday Weekend 2,3 and 4 June. The venue is Westwave Recreation Centre, Alderman Drive , Henderson. The show opens at 9am daily and closes at 5pm on Sat & Sun and 4pm on Monday. IPMS Auckland will be displaying a wide range of models of the highest standard as it's regular contribution to this great annual hobby extravaganza. At the IPMS Auckland stand the public has the opportunity or to talk to our club's expert model makers and share in their enthusiasm and knowledge. Still to be confirmed are the popular "build and take" sessions to introduce children to this great past-time.

Visit http://www.model-x.org.nz/ to learn more about the Model-X show. IPMS club members who are intending to have models on display are encouraged to bring them to the venue on Friday 1st June after 6pm so that the stand will be ready for visitors from Saturday morning.

IPMS Nationals 2012

Nationals are being held 22 - 23 September in Alexandra and will coincide with the annual blossom festival. For more information, go to http://www.rexedra.gen.nz/coms/ IPMS 2012.html

Annual Membership Fees

Membership Type	Description	Cost
Full	Living in the Auckland metropolitan area	NZ\$45
Out Of Town	Living 75km or more from central Auckland	NZ\$30
Junior	Same rights as full membership for those under 16	NZ\$25

IPMS BANK ACCOUNT NUMBER

03 0162 00129 60 00

Please add your details so we know who has paid.



EVENTS

June: Modelling Sea Bases

July: Buy, Sell, Swap,

August: "Airfix for August": Follow on from Feb Frog. Bring along any Airfix kit built and/or finished in 2012 for members' vote

September: Demonstration: Making scale nav lights and vents

October: Build The Same... Night: RNZAF 75th Anniversary. Also includes NZPAF, all RNZAF squadrons and NZ designated Squadrons within the RAF.

November: Demonstration: Aerial wires and rigging.

December: Sci-Fi group build competition, and "2012 build" Closed Club competition. Theme build for December 2012 announced at January clubnight: Sci-Fi. Sci-fi was clarified as anything relating to Science Fiction, eg; TV series or movies, or your own imagination, but doesn't include Luftwaffe 46, what if's (regular planes in 'other' markings!). So Star Trek, Star Wars, Babylon 5, Firefly, virtually any Gerry Anderson series, Dr Who, Lost in Space, Battlestar Galactica etc. all qualify... as does Gundam and other weird Japanese Sci-fi and mecha...or some

assembly of bits from your spares box... you get the idea.

As a summary of the above - if you are interested in participating in any of the build activities for the year, you should now have started, or be thinking about, what you plan to build for the following subjects:

August - any Airfix kit October - RNZAF 75th Anniversary December - SciFi

Note that any entries for these builds must have been started, or finished in 2012.



REVIEW

Czech Master Resin 1/72 Bristol Sycamore HC.14/HR.14/Mk.51/Mk.52 by Mark Davies



Background

An Austrian helicopter pioneer named Raoul Hafner had moved to Britain in 1933. He headed the rotorcraft team at the Airborne Forces Experimental Establishment (AFEE) during WW2. In 1944, the Bristol Aeroplane Company formed a helicopter department within its aircraft division. Hafner and other members of his AFEE team joined Bristol and formed the nucleus of the company's new helicopter design team. Bristol also acquired the patent, assets and manufacturing rights to Hafner's pre-war design called the A.R.III Gyroplane. This was similar to a Cierva autogyro, but replaced its crude tilting rotor hub with a much more sensitive cyclic pitch control. Bristol tasked Hafner and his team with developing a fourseat helicopter suitable for military and civilian use.

By June 1944, a design study commenced using the 500-hp Bristol Aquila engine. However, the tools and jigs to manufacture this engine had been disposed of earlier in the war, making its revival impractical. Several other makes of engine were considered, and the Pratt and Whitney Wasp Junior of 450-hp was selected to power the first two

prototypes because of its proven reliability and ready availability. The new helicopter design was designated Type 171 and first flew in July 1947 and considerable development work followed on from this. The 171 demonstrated its potential for casualty evacuation to the RN, Army and RAF medical services in January 1949. In April of the same year, it received the first Certificate of Airworthiness issued to a British helicopter and flew to the Paris Salon for exhibition the next month.

Completion of the prototype 171 Mk.2 with a 550-hp Alvis Leonides engine followed in the summer of 1948, but prolonged testing delayed its first flight until September 1949. The rotor disintegrated during its second brief flight although nobody was injured. A redesigned and strengthened rotor enabled the 171 Mk.2 to fly successfully shortly after. Experience with the two prototypes led to the 171 Mk.3. It had a shorter nose for better downwards vision, a slightly wider fuselage enabling a three people to sit in the rear cabin, and transferred the accessory drive from the engine to the rotor gearbox ensuring that essential systems received power in the event of auto rotation.

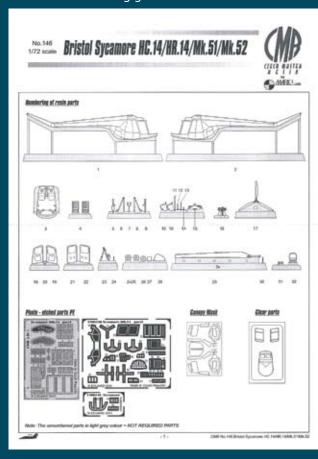
Production of sufficient components for the manufacture of 25 Mk.3 airframes followed; although at first only 15 were assembled. All initially had civil registrations allotted, but only two retained these as the Ministry of Supply reserved the balance for development and experimental work at Filton, Farnborough and Boscombe Down. A modified machine became the prototype for an RAF ambulance version known as the Sycamore HC.lo. This went to Malaya for operational trials in 1949 although its formal acceptance did not occur until August 1951. The Army communications variant called Sycamore H.C.11 followed next. It first flew in August 1950 with acceptance occurring in May 1951. The RAAF bought one for use at Woomera rocket range, whilst two others went to Khartum and Canada for tropical and winterisation trials respectively. The RAF's Coastal Command accounted for the last three of the first 15 airframes, their version being the Sycamore HR.12.

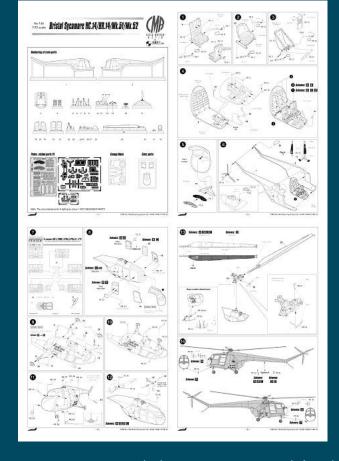
Both the Mk. 3 and HC.11 had two sliding doors, whereas the HC.10 had hinged front doors and two extra doorways fitted with plastic blisters to enclose a stretcher carried transversely. One HR.12 had a forward sliding door on the port side, whilst a canvas door with zip-fasteners covered the starboard doorway located aft under the winch. The Mk.3a introduced a lengthened undercarriage for shipboard operations and an extended fuselage aft of the engine to increase baggage space for civil operators. This extension also happened to reduce drag.

The second production batch consumed the remaining ten sets of components. This included four HR.12's, one of which carried sonar with a crew of two, whilst the other three had the tall landing gear for

The RAF's use of the Sycamore was wide-ranging covering many parts of the world during the period when the sun finally set on what remained of Britain's empire. Some saw service in the brief Suez Crisis whilst others were lost in the Malayan Emergency (now Malaysia) operating in difficult jungle conditions. They also saw operational use in hot spots like Borneo, Cyprus, Kenya and Aden. They gave good service, but for how long I cannot say, as I have yet to find clear information as to when they were withdrawn from RAF service. On a more peaceful note, a Sycamore became the first helicopter used for an air-to-surface television

Previous 1/72 Sycamore Kits I am aware of three previous 1/72 Sycamore kits. Maintrack released theirs in 1988. It was a rather basic resin kit requiring a number of details to be scratch-built. Vami have issued what I understand is a copy of Maintrack's kit, and it is still available, as is a vac-form kit by Whirlybird in various versions. There is also an old kit by Lincoln, also reissued by Glencoe and sometimes labeled as 1/72-scale, it is in fact 1/65-scale. Some may regard this as compatible within a 1/72-scale collection, but I do not. It is oversize in linear terms by approximately 11% and a whopping 35% volumetrically,





use by the RAN and were designated HR.50's. RAF Fighter Command took two Sycamore HR.13's with winches and tall landing gear for air-sea rescue evaluation. British European Airways bought two civil Mk.3a's. The last two in this batch were a company demonstrator, eventually completed as a Mk.4 with enlarged baggage locker and tall undercarriage, and the first Sycamore HR.14. Both the Mk.4 and H.R.14 had the pilot's position was changed from left to right side to conform to American practice. The RAF adopted the HR.14 for all of its helicopter roles.

transmission in August 1955. The Sycamore enjoyed a degree of export success. Belgium ordered three and West Germany took fifty Mk.52's. Australia bought seven HC.51's for the RAN in addition to the three HR.50's mentioned earlier, plus a single Mk.4 to join the Mk.3 already in use with the RAAF at Woomera. Australian National Airways operated one of only two more civil Mk.4s produced, the other becoming a demonstrator aircraft in Canada and Mexico. Sycamore production ended in 1959 totalling 178.

which in my view is most definitely incompatible. The extent of the size difference is most apparent from the image below showing the new CMR kit and Lincoln fuselages side by side. Overview

The kit reviewed here is typical of CMR's products released over the last few years. It is a multi-media offering with highly detailed resin airframe, clear vac-form canopies, uses clear resin for smaller windows, and has Eduard plain and precoloured PE parts plus pre-cut paint masks. A very sturdy top-opening box contains all of the above media,

plus two sheets of water-slide decals and several sheets of A₄-sized instructions and images.

Contents

The instructions contain a parts map and diagrammatic assembly stages as you would expect, but what is immediately apparent is just how crisp and well drawn the graphics are. I rate the constructional diagrams some of the best I have seen, mainstream kit brands included, and in fact Tamiya is the only company that I can think of that would rival them.

Written instructions are in English, and generally confine themselves to colour call-outs and simple clarifying statements where diagrams alone will not suffice. Where appropriate notes indentify features specific to the colour schemes offered with the

kits. The colour scheme guides are five pages of monochrome shaded diagrams. Colour call-outs use colour names cross-referencing to FS-595 numbers as well as the BSC381C and RAL color systems where applicable. Eight more pages provide various detail and in-service photographic images of the aircraft.

The kit parts come packed in CMR's usual heat-sealed plastic pouches that separate the various resin parts broadly by size and fragility. PE parts, paint masks and canopies are further sealed and protected, as are the decals. An all-encompassing bag then encloses the entire kit's parts and paperwork, so there is little chance of anything going missing until the kit is unpacked. I do advise care when opening the pouches containing resin however, just in case some small parts have broken

off their casting blocks or been damaged.

CMR now uses green resin for airframe parts as it reveals fine detail better than their previous creamcoloured resin. A minimal amount of cleanup is required to deal with the thin casting blocks attachment points and some wafer thin flash present the window frames. Detail levels are superb, with some incredibly fine and faultless casting. Stronger black resin forms the undercarriage as is common to most weight bearing parts in CMR kits. The regular and colour PE frets are produced by Eduard to their usual high standards, as is the paint mask. The kit includes two vac-form canopies, meaning you get to practice cutting it out or have an insurance copy depending on how you look at it. The canopies are very clear and well formed.















Airframe

It is worth checking the various parts options that go with the markings options provided because there are a few features specific to one scheme or another. For example, a fairing for the winch's bottom boom requires removal from the fuselage side in the case of the HMS Ocean Joint Helicopter Unit version. This is not something that you would wish to do after fitting the undercarriage! The kit supplies two styles of resin co-pilot's seats to cater for the colour scheme selected. Coloured PE harnesses garnish the seats and should look most convincing. The three rear seats were a foldable canvas sling-type design with lap belts. The kit provides these using

a combination of coloured PE parts. They sit surrounded by resin cockpit detail and various small coloured PE items. This includes a very convincing multi-piece coloured PE instrument panel that attaches to the resin instrument coaming, the backing-piece to which has barrellike instrument casings. The entire instrument panel should look most convincing. There is even a tiny decal representing a placard on the forward floor are visible through the nose transparency.

The fuselage halves are ready for joining once fitted out with the cockpit interior, leaving the challenge of various vac-form transparencies to deal with next. This medium

caters for the combined windscreen and nose bubble and the side-door blisters used with stretcher carrying versions. Whilst very well formed these will still need care to cut, trim and gradually progress from testing to final fit. Not all version use the blisters making construction a bit simpler build if you choose one of the non-stretcher carrying schemes. CMR has cast the four side doors in clear resin, which keeps things simple because there are no separate clear windows to cut from acetate. These will benefit from a light polish and coat of future to enhance their clarity. There is the option of open or closed doors, although only the front doors apply to the versions with side blisters.









To assume that most of the constructional work is over once the doors and windscreen installation is complete would be a mistake. Whilst not many green resin parts remain there is still quite a bit of assembly left. This includes the black resin undercarriage, numerous small PE details including the air intake ahead of the rotor gearbox, windscreen wipers, and various handles. Some versions will also need the resin and PE winch plus rope ladder attachment frame that is also made of PE. The winch accounts for the only scratch building required, needing a 2-mm length of stretched

sprue between the winch head and bob-weight.

The main rotor assembly appears to be quite straightforward with some PE and resin parts to enhance the detail of the rotor head, and some decal stenciling for the blades. I do not have experience of building resin rotorcraft, but I think the resin blades are sufficiently light to avoid having the blades droop at their thinnest point where they attach to the rotor hub. Some however may choose to replace the resin attachment points with metal wire, which should be easy to do. The one-piece tail rotor is very simple by comparison needing only the addition of its PE pitch change mechanism.

Colours & Markings

CMR has chosen a nice selection of schemes offering a good variety of colour schemes.

- Sycamore HC.14 XG548: 6 Joint Helicopter Unit, HMS Ocean, Suez Crisis, October 1956
- Sycamore HR.14 XJ916: No.275 Squadron, RAF Thornaby, summer 1957

- · Sycamore HR.14 XG544: No.118 Squadron, RAF Aldergrove, Northern Ireland, 1962
- · Sycamore Mk.51 XN448 / 852: No.723 Squadron, HMAS Melbourne, Royal Australian Navy (RAN), 1964/65
- · Sycamore Mk.52 LB+105: 2. Luftrettungs und Verbindungsstaffel, (2nd SAR Ūnit), Luftwaffe, West Germany, 1962.

The decals look to be of very good quality. Registration is sharp, and my prior experience using CMR's decals would suggest that they have good colour density as well. A small errata sheet supplies replacements for the slightly misplaced kangaroos on the RAN national insignia on the main sheet, as well as some additional stenciling.

Conclusion

This latest CMR release is a fine example of just how good resin multimedia kits can be. The kit's detail and casting are excellent, as is the packaging, instructional graphics and additional information, all of which should add to the enjoyment of the kit and hopefully the finished results.

This kit is essentially quite simple with a modest resin parts count. It

will need some care and fit checking where the vac-form clear parts are concerned. Some may choose to reinforce the main rotor blades although I think this is unnecessary. It needs patience and care with the numerous PE details, but these all serve to contribute to what should be a stunning model. The colour scheme choices offer a good variety of finishes to choose.

This is for now, and I suspect a considerable time to come, the definitive Bristol Sycamore kit. I highly recommend it.

Thanks to CMR by Mark 1 Ltd for the review samples.





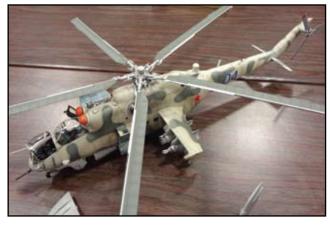






Tamiya 1/24 cars by Rob Willis





Trumpeter 1/32 Mi-24 Hind by John Darlington





Frog 1/72 Vengeance, Matchbox 1/32 Swordfish and Monogram 1/48 Typhoon by Peter Harrison



Frog 1/72 Maryland by John Watkins





Tamiya 1/48 South American Mustangs by Barry Flatman



Henry's 1/72 air force



Hasegawa 1/48 TA-4K Skyhawk by Bruce Salmon



Tamiya 1/48 Gekko and P-47 and Hasegawa 1/48 Ar234 by Rob Willis



Airfix 1/72 Red Arrows 'Whif' Angel Interceptor by Henry Ludlam



Hasegawa 1/48 F/A-18F Super Hornet 'NSAWC' by Brett Sharman

SIGN OFF









Tamiya new tool 1/48 IL-2 Sturmovik Build and photos by Brett Green

